

YELLOW FEVER DEATH LIST.

The following statement of deaths from yellow fever each day, since the presence of the disease became known, is made up from the records of the board of health and other sources:

Thursday, August 15	6
Friday, August 17	8
Saturday, August 18	10
Sunday and Monday, August 19 and 20	19
Tuesday, August 21	19
Wednesday, August 22	15

The news that Canton, Miss., has twenty cases of yellow fever is received here with much regret, although we have our misfortunes and distress. Yellow fever visited Canton in 1855 and swept off nearly everybody left in the place. We hope it may not be so disastrous of life this time.

We are deeply pained to announce the death of Hon. W. W. Vaughan, of Brownsville, which occurred yesterday at noon at Crockett Wells. He was president of the Brownsville and Holly Springs railroad and a prominent candidate for congress in his district. He represented the old Eighth district in congress when Shelby county was in that district, and made a working, effective and popular member. He is suddenly cut off in the prime of life, when he was apparently entering upon a larger sphere of usefulness and public honor. His untimely death will be severely mourned by a wide circle of friends throughout the State. It is a heavy loss to the community which he served so well, and to his little children who but recently lost their mother.

New York Sun, August 16th.
George P. Rowell & Co. Reply to the New York Herald.

We make, therefore, the following proposition to Rowell & Co.: If they, or their friends for them, will put up twenty-five thousand dollars, with the condition that this sum shall be paid by them to the Metropolitan Museum of Art or to any public charity that may be agreed on, in case the sworn report of the Herald's circulation is shown by proper and thorough examination to be correct. The Herald will also put up an equal sum of twenty-five thousand dollars, which will be added to the sum paid over to the Metropolitan Museum of Art or to any public charity that may be agreed on, in case its sworn report of circulation is proved false. The condition being that Rowell & Co. shall choose one respectable expert, to make an examination of press rooms, books, papers, etc.; the Herald shall choose another; and these two shall select a third; and the three shall forthwith make the examination and a report, which they shall publish. We trust, to use the language of Western sporting men, will now "either put up or shut up."

The last circulation report furnished by the New York Herald to the American Newspaper Directory claims an average circulation of 122,400. And these figures appear in an advertisement of the Herald for that edition, for which advertisement the Herald paid us our price—\$50. The written claim furnished bears the name of the same W. H. Henry, business manager, who signs the last affidavits put forth by the Herald. In the edition of the Directory for which this report was furnished, we estimated the circulation of the Herald at an average of 65,000 copies daily.

For the purpose of putting to a test the comparative value of their claims and our estimates we make to the New York Herald the following propositions:

OUR FIRST PROPOSITION.

We will forfeit \$25,000 to the Metropolitan Museum of Art, against an equal amount to be paid to the Herald, if the committee appointed according to the Herald's stipulation does not pronounce the Herald's circulation claim as furnished to us to be in excess of the facts.

OUR SECOND PROPOSITION.

We will forfeit \$10,000, as above, if the committee appointed according to the Herald's stipulations does not pronounce the Herald's claim to be more than 10,000 copies in excess of the facts.

OUR THIRD PROPOSITION.

We will forfeit \$5,000, as above, if the committee appointed according to the Herald's stipulations does not pronounce our estimate nearer the actual facts than the Herald's written claim.

OUR FOURTH PROPOSITION.

We will forfeit \$10,000, as above, if the committee appointed as above do not pronounce that the circulation of 65,000 copies daily average, as estimated by us, to be in excess of the actual circulation of the Herald at that time.

OUR FIFTH PROPOSITION.

We will forfeit \$500, as above, if the committee appointed according to the Herald's stipulations pronounce that the actual daily sales of the Herald, at that time, averaged as much as one-half the number claimed by Mr. W. H. Henry in the statement furnished by him for the guidance of the editor of the American Newspaper Directory.

We submit the above propositions to the Herald, and shall be glad to know at an early hour which one it elects to accept.

Geo. P. Rowell & Co.,
No. 10 Spruce street,
New York, August 15, 1878.

A New Book.

T. B. Peterson & Brothers, of Philadelphia, have just issued a new book entitled "A Heart Twice Won, or Second Love," by Effie Van Loon. It is elegantly printed and bound in one volume. Price, \$1.50. The scenes are laid in Virginia and Europe, and the action is easy, graceful and natural. The work cannot fail to delight the public and to have a large run.

L. WOELLER'S SALOON,
Corner Main and Washington,
is still open.

Meals 25 cents. 1421

MURPHY & MURPHY'S insurance office will be open daily from 2 a. m. to 4 p. m., where they will be found ready to attend to the calls of their friends and customers.

Refrigerators, ice chests, water coolers and ice-cream freezers at cost.

F. J. TURNBULL,
234 Main street.

PUBLIC



LEDGER

Five Dollars per Annum

LARGEST CITY CIRCULATION.

Ten Cents per Week

VOL. XXVI.

MEMPHIS, TENN.: WEDNESDAY EVENING, AUGUST 21, 1878.

NO 149

LOUISVILLE, : : : : : KY.

TELEGRAPHIC.

LATEST UP TO 2 P.M. TO-DAY

The Hague, August 21.—It is denied authoritatively that the king of Holland contemplates marrying his niece, Princess Marie, of Saxe-Weimar Eisenach.

Vienna, August 21.—Count Andrássy yesterday explained to the council of ministers the state of negotiations for the convention with Turkey and showed that they were in a very satisfactory condition.

It is reported that Hadji Loja attempted suicide after his defeat at Vicksburg.

LONDON, August 21.—Fowler, the American who undertook to walk on the water from Boulogne to Falmouth in boots like canoes, failed after accomplishing eleven miles. The Times and Telegraph, however, say Fowler accomplished the passage of the channel on foot, though he landed at Sandgate instead of Falmouth.

NASHVILLE.

Appointment of the State Democratic Central Committee.—The Kads. Playing a Heavily Chilled Game.

Special to the Appeal.]

NASHVILLE, August 20.—Holmes Committee appointed the following as the State Democratic executive committee: For the middle division, and chairman, John W. Childers, jr., of Rutherford; eastern division, Frank A. Moses, of Knox; western division, B. A. Enloe, of Madison; first district, John A. McKenney, of Hawkins; second district, John McGrath, of Knox; third district, Sam P. Lewis, of fourth district, J. J. Turner, of Sumner; fifth district, T. D. Gregory, of Franklin; sixth district, Samuel Donelson, of Davidson; seventh district, Thomas P. Perkins, of Williamson; eighth district, S. A. Champion, of Henry; ninth district, S. Hill, of Gibson; tenth district, W. H. Carroll, of Shelby. It is indicated that the Republicans will postpone their nomination at the convention of Thursday until September, for the alleged reason of the yellow fever prevailing at Memphis. If the nomination is postponed on that account it will be understood as a mere pretext for a combination of some sort, which has not yet materialized.

VICKSBURG.

Two Hundred Cases—Twelve Deaths in Twenty-four Hours—An Appeal for Aid.

VICKSBURG, August 20.—It is estimated that 200 cases of yellow fever are under treatment. Twelve deaths for the past twenty-four hours; among them, R. H. Shelby, a lawyer. Among the new cases to-day are Dr. Balfour, health officer, and Dr. Robbins.

By the authority of Most Worshipful Grand Master Murphy, an appeal is hereby made to all Masons, wherever dispersed, to contribute to the relief of the sick and destitute in this city.

W. K. PAXTON, Grand Commander Knights Templar and Chairman Masonic Relief Committee.

West Virginia Press Association.

CINCINNATI, August 21.—An excursion composed of members of the Pennsylvania, Ohio and West Virginia Press Associations and their friends arrived here last night and put up at the Grand Hotel. The leading officials of the city will escort them to various places of interest in and around the city. This afternoon they start for Louisville, their objective point being Mammoth Cave, Ky.

Grand Hospitality and Sympathy.

NASHVILLE, August 20.—The city council has adopted the following resolution: That so far from restricting the movements of travelers, as well as refugees from the infected districts, towns and precincts, we cordially invite all such who may wish to do so to make Nashville their home.

National Rowing Association.

NEWARK, N. J., August 21.—At the annual convention of the National Amateur Rowing Association last evening, O. M. Remington, of Providence, E. L. Keyes, of Philadelphia and W. H. Allen, of Detroit, were elected members of the executive committee for three years.

Two Deaths at New York.

NEW YORK, August 20.—Two deaths from yellow fever occurred at the quarantine yesterday, one of the victims being William Riley, a young blacksmith, who arrived from New Orleans last week. There were no more cases at the quarantine.

Indications.

WASHINGTON, August 21.—For the lower lake region and Ohio valley, clear or partly cloudy weather, winds mostly north to east, stationary barometer, stationary or rising barometer, followed in the western portions of the record district by falling barometer.

Contributions for Vicksburg and Grenada.

NORFOLK, VA., August 20.—Twelve hundred dollars has been subscribed for the yellow fever sufferers. Two hundred dollars has been sent to Grenada and three hundred to Vicksburg.

IN HIGH LATITUDES.

Ravages of the Malignant Scourge in Northern Cities.

From a volume compiled by order of the New York health board several years ago the following facts relating to the history of yellow fever in Northern cities are gathered:

The first of this scourge in New York city was in 1798, when out of a population of 50,000 from 2,400 to 2,500 died of the disease, which was brought on vessels from infected districts.

In 1803, of 1639 cases, 600 proved fatal.

In 1804 there were 708 deaths from yellow fever, the population being then about the same as in 1798. Sporadic cases broke out at the Wallabout also.

In 1805, of 600 cases reported, 275 proved fatal. In 1822 yellow fever again visited New York, causing widespread alarm from the large proportion of fatal cases in the total number. Every one who was able to do so fled from the city, and the infected district was cut off from the remaining portion. The disease first showed itself at the foot of Rector street, and confined itself to the neighboring narrow streets, such as Albany street, Carlisle street, Thames street and Liberty street, and a few blocks of houses further up town, which in character were not unlike those in the lower districts. Only six cases appeared above Fulton street. The district where the disease first appeared was isolated by a high board fence, and all communication with this inclosed district was forbidden. The attack lasted from July to October. The disease again broke out in 1842.

Perth Amboy, N. J., was visited in 1811, and Middletown, Conn., in 1819. These cases, and that in New York in 1824, were all traced to vessels recently arrived from warm climates.

Philadelphia has visited several times by the yellow fever. In 1793, there were 732 deaths from this cause. In 1795 there were 732 deaths, and in 1798 there were 3506. In 1805, of 125 cases, 83 proved fatal. In 1820 there was a visitation, and in 1853, the summer being very hot, the disease appeared in July and August and lasted nearly three months. Of 170 cases, 128 proved fatal.

In 1855, this disease nearly depopulated Portsmouth, Virginia, and vicinity. Of a population of 4000, 1000 died, being 900 out of the 2000 whites, and only 100 out of the 2000 blacks.

The disease is not recorded as ever extending north of Boston, that city enjoying immunity from its visitation on account of its peculiar climate, although it has a quarantine. The only case discovered on the records at hand occurred in 1819. The ship Ten Brothers arrived from a southern port, August 1, and a number of persons visited her while she was discharging her cargo; of these twelve persons, living in different parts of the city, were seized with the fever, and nearly all died. The sickness was not communicated to any of those who visited the sick.

In the "History of Yellow Fever Epidemics," by Greenville Dowell, M. D., of Galveston, Texas, it is stated that up to July 1, 1878, the disease had visited 228 cities and towns, in twenty-eight States, 741 times, and caused 62,311 deaths.

CARVER OUTDOPE.

The Great Shot of Shannon County, Missouri.

St. Louis Post.]

Adam Goldie is a man in the prime of life, about five feet eleven inches in height, and with a most wonderful physique. Some of the feats which he has performed seem impossible. He has broken 229 glass balls out of 300, in 12 minutes, with a forty-four calibre Winchester rifle. He can break 100 glass balls five times out of six, without a miss, in three minutes. These feats are unparalleled, and surpass Dr. Carver's wonderful shooting. A seemingly incredible feat that he performs is as follows: A soda water bottle is thrown into the air in a certain manner, and before it falls, Goldie will send a bullet down the neck of the bottle and make a hole in the bottom. There are other feats that he performs with bottles. At fifty yards distance a bottle is placed on a forked tong, and Goldie will send six bullets in rapid succession down the neck and through the bottom, only perforating the latter in one place.

At long distances this wonderful marksman performs just as marvelous feats. At 1000 yards he will hit the center of the bull's eye and then send six bullets, one after the other, hitting the very indent made by the first. A potato thrown in the air, Goldie will perforate it with six bullets before it touches the ground. Perhaps his most astonishing feat is his breaking two balls at once. This is done in the following manner: The balls are thrown crosswise, and as they pass each other on their course, with quick, unerring aim, and lightning-like rapidity, Goldie will send a bullet through both. Another feat is the placing of an inch strip of tin, about three feet long, in position, at thirty feet distance, and perforate it from top to bottom with thirty six holes, all exactly in the center of the strip, and all at even distances apart. Goldie says he does not know where his wonderful skill comes from. He never handled a rifle until he was eighteen years old, and to him it seems like an instinct. He would take aim and fire with unerring accuracy, and his wonderful feats soon acquired for him a marvelous reputation among his neighbors.

The New York World says of H. J. Montague, who died in San Francisco recently of hemorrhage of the lungs: "When he made his coup d'etat in the part 'Captain Julian Braveller' in Diplomacy, at Wallace's Theater, the exhausting passion he employed in the portrayal of the character caused his friends to fear that if he played it for any length of time his constitution would be injured."

A Sacramento man intercepted a note sent to his wife by another man. He therein discovered that she was making an appointment with 'other.' He simply took her false teeth from the bureau, put them in his pocket, kissed the child, went down town and played several games of billiards.

A BAD PLACE FOR TRAMPS.

How They are Treated in Their Dear Native Land.

London Cor. Baltimore Sun.

Tramps, in birth and title, are of a British origin. At this season of the year when the days are long and warm, the "tramp" luxuriates on the shady lanes of England, while during the cool nights he secretes himself in more comfortable quarters. Like Mickey Free, the "tramp" has not a "janus for work," for as it was not "a gift of the Grady's," neither is it of these prowling pests of the country districts. This plan of punishment, next to honest work, is the terror of the "tramp." When he makes his appearance, either singly or in couples, in any one locality, a few stout country lads, in the absence of the police, "buck and gag" him, and place him on a convenient cross-road place where a vigilant eye is upon him. If there be two they are "bucked and gagged" and placed vis-a-vis at these cross-roads. As each passer-by takes a mental photograph of them they once and a while bestow a physical kick or suggestive nudge that soon create a desire of cautioning all coming tramps to that locality.

When the police take tramps into custody the "stocks"—those simple and wholesome remedies that Falsstaff dreaded—are generally employed. But a few days ago I saw a pair of first-class tramps in the "stocks" not many miles outside of London. Around them they had peace offerings of dead cats, dogs, crows, and much vegetable trash.

They were the first tramps that had come into that locality for seven years, and evidently were "freshmen," innocent of what was in store for them. There is doubtless some difference between the English and many of the American tramps just now, as many Americans are on the tramp in search of work, but take the name with all that it implies, and, of course, coming in for a share of the dread and disgust inspired by their laziness and the circumstances it would not be right to attempt to cure the American evil with the English remedy, except in cases of known criminal conduct, or, at least, by the exercise of a wise discrimination.

Sharp Shooting.

Cherry Creek (Nev.) Independent.]

There is a piece of rock standing on the ridge running up the South Mountain at Egan Canyon. One morning in 1863 an Indian was discovered standing by this rock, calmly surveying the scene below, and particularly the overland station to the West, then garrisoned by a number of soldiers. He was so far off that he enjoyed the excitement produced by his appearance, and made a very significant gesture of derision and contempt for the soldiers. One of them determined to reply to the salutation, and fired at him from the station with a rifle, and strange to say, with wonderful accuracy of aim, shot him through the head. His remains were buried behind the rock on the mountain; and in 1873 his skull, disturbed in some way from its resting place, was exhibited among the miners at Egan as a relic of the war and of the disaster which overtook the Indian, who was ignorant of, or conceitedly despised the virtues of long range. It was a shot of nearly 2000 feet.

"Among the guests at the last ball at the ministry of the interior," writes Lucy Hamilton Hooper from Paris, "was a well-known Parisian portrait painter, who commented with much coarseness and freedom on the charms of the young ladies present. Of one graceful American girl he remarked audibly, 'that her face was nothing in particular, but her bust and limbs were admirably molded.' The poor child flushed crimson, evidently understanding French as perfectly as did her coarse mannered critic. Yet this man is one of the chosen professors for our lady artists who come abroad to study!"

Postresses are becoming outrageously bold. Here's "Arabella" singing: "Kiss me, darling; Let my heart be a warm and a pleasant nest: Come and swing its doors apart—Enter in and be my guest."

H'm! The temptation is great—for some other fellow. But, really, now, Arabella, you would find it decidedly painful to have the doors of your heart swung apart and a darling with boots on crowding therein. You'd want to pull down the blinds, too; and—well, it would create a big scandal, anyhow, and we are going to stick right down to work, and pay no further attention to such invitations.

"Whole loads of gold" are reported to be discovered in the Bear Paw Mountains; and men are leaving the Black Hills to go after it in the same headlong fashion in which they rushed to the Hills not long ago. They want to find a place where gold can be got easier and faster. The truth is that gold-hunting is never easy. The more abundant the metal the harder is

NOTICE.

Until further notice we will open our store at 8:30 o'clock a.m. and close at 5:30 o'clock p.m.

There are 50,000 illegitimate children born in France every year, and there are now about 4,000,000 of these unfortunate in that country. Although they come into the world through no fault of their own, they are scorned by prejudiced people and disinherited by the law. A number of generous people have, therefore, formed a society for the protection of these children, and Victor Hugo has written a letter full of sympathy.

According to the Washington Capital, a sentimental German gave his sweetheart a flower which he called "Don't you forget it."

You may save the expense of a trip to Hot Springs by the use of Dr. Ball's Blood Mixture. It is the remedy for the blood.

A Healthy Body and a Clear Head.

In indigestion, constipation and biliousness torment the body, the head cannot be clear. These disorders react upon the brain most hurtfully, and produce a cloudiness in the organ of thought not experienced by a healthy man. Happily these brain-oppressing maladies may be entirely dispelled by that peerless alternative, Household Remedies, which cheers, refreshes and invigorates the brain and nerves, while it regulates the organs of digestion, assimilation and biliousness secreted through the bowels and urinary passages, and exerts a powerful invigorating influence on the system. Its cathartic action is never irritating, violent or painful, but even, natural and progressive. As an appetizer and sleep promoter, it is unrivaled; it mitigates the infirmities of age, relieves the rheumatic, restores the feeble, arrests premature decay, and halts an enfeebled physique.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

A CARD.

To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, etc., I will send a receipt that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the Rev. J. J. T. INMAN, Station D, 235 1/2 Broadway, New York City.

Manhattan Bank of Memphis.

Memphis, Tenn., August 20, 1878.

OWING to the prevalence of yellow fever, and the consequent virtual cessation of business, this bank will remain closed for business until the 1st day of November, unless the fever should abate in the meantime. The bank deposits have been temporarily placed in the hands of the Union and Planters' Bank, with leave to make the same, and checks on the Manhattan Bank will be paid by the Union and Planters' Bank. All special collections, etc., have been likewise temporarily placed with the Union and Planters' Bank.

Parties desiring information on special business, will address Levy & Ror, box 50, New York.

PROBATE COURT.

Probate Court Room, Shelby County, Tenn., August 20, 1878.

J. E. RAY, Judge of the Probate Court of Shelby County, Tenn., do hereby certify, appoint and fully authorize and empower J. H. RAY, Judge of the Probate Court, to collect, hold and preserve all the assets of any and all estates of parties who may be deceased, and to pay the same to the heirs, legatees and assigns of said parties, in the absence of those entitled under the law to the same.

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CONTRIBUTIONS of Irish and sweet potatoes will be thankfully received, and applied to the use of the population now in Camp Lewis. Packages should be put in barrels, well ventilated, and should be addressed to J. C. MACCABEE, 37 and 39 South Court street, Memphis.

To Memphis and Louisville Railroad Company, the Southern Express, the steamboat Companies have volunteered to deliver such contributions free. Very probably all the other transportation companies will do likewise. W. P. PROUDFITT, Chairman.

I. O. O. F.

THE REGULAR meeting of Blue Cliff Lodge No. 141 I. O. O. F., will be held to-morrow, August 22, at 4 p. m. All members are earnestly requested to be present, as a question of vital importance to the lodge and the interests of its members will be brought up for final action.

B. J. HOWLAND, Acting Secretary.

RAILROAD.

TO PASSENGERS.

THE depot tickets of the Memphis and Louisville Railroad, owing to the sickness of our agent, is closed until further notice. Parties wanting tickets will please purchase them at our city office, 275 Main street.

T. S. DAVAT, Assistant Gen'l Ticket Agent.

B. AND L. ASSOCIATIONS.

OFFICE OF CLERK'S B. AND L. ASSOCIATION, OFFICE, No. 8 MADISON ST., MEMPHIS, TENN., AUGUST 20, 1878.

THE office of this Association will remain open daily (Sundays excepted) during the epidemic from 11 a. m. to 2 p. m., for the purpose of receiving dues and giving the stockholders such information as they may require. Absentees who are in arrears can make good their accounts when they return to this city without being subjected to fees or penalties of any kind. R. B. CLARKE, Vice Pres't.

WANTED.—THE PUBLIC TO KNOW that I will not be responsible for any bills bought by anyone connected with this house in settlement of my accounts unless accompanied by my written order.

A. WHITMORE.

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